3-701.

A judge of the Circuit court for a county, [of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City,] of the Court of Special Appeals, or of the Court of Appeals has the power to grant the writ of habeas corpus and exercise jurisdiction in all matters pertaining to habeas corpus.

3-813.

(a) The judges of a circuit court[, and the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City,] may not appoint a master for juvenile causes unless the appointment and the appointee are approved by the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals. After July 1, 1978 the judges of the Circuit Court of Prince George's County may not appoint or continue the appointment of masters for juvenile causes, except for the purpose of conducting probable cause hearings, detention hearings, arraignments, and restitution hearings. In Prince George's County, a master may not conduct adjudicatory or disposition hearings. The standards expressed in § 3-803, with respect to the assignment of judges, are applicable to the appointment of masters. A master; at the time of his appointment and thereafter during his service as a master, shall be a member in good standing of the Maryland Bar. This subsection—does—not—apply—to-a-master-appointed-prior-to-dunc-1,-1971,-who-is-approved-by-the-judge—of--the--eircuit court-exercising-juvenile-jurisdiction.

4-101.

[(c)] (B) "Criminal case" means a criminal case within the jurisdiction of the District Court and includes a case charging a violation of motor vehicle or traffic laws and a case charging a violation of a law, rule, or regulation if a fine or imprisonment may be imposed.

4-403.

In Montgomery County only, the District Court has jurisdiction in juvenile causes as provided in TITLE 3, Subtitle [5] 8 of this [title] ARTICLE.

7-202.

(a) The State Court Administrator, shall determine the amount of all court costs and charges for the circuit courts