into glass doors they can not see, regardless of whether these people actually are using the doors for ingress or egress.

In subsection (c) of this section, the reference to violating "any rule or regulation adopted under this section" is new language added, in conformity to legislative intent, for clarity. In practice, the Department adopts rules and regulations that set out how transparent glass doors are to be marked and that also provide that any person who violates those rules and regulations is guilty of a misdemeanor and "subject to a fine not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each offense".

The Commission to Revise the Annotated Code notes, for consideration by the General Assembly, that the Department has adopted rules and regulations (COMAR 10.16.04.01 through 10.16.04.26) that expand the definition of "transparent glass"; that define the terms "commercial building or structure", "mercantile establishment", and "public building" broadly; and that expand the scope of the statute to apply to transparent glass sidelights adjacent to transparent glass doors. Because the expanded definitions and scope are consistent with the legislative intent, the General Assembly may wish to expand this section to include the broader definitions and scope.

11-208. PAY TOILETS IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS.

(A) IN GENERAL.

TO ASSURE THE COST-FREE OPERATION OF TOILETS IN ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BUILDING REQUIRED BY ANY STATE, COUNTY, OR MUNICIPAL LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION TO HAVE PUBLIC TOILETS, AND TO END ANY DISCRIMINATORY EFFECT BASED ON SEX RELATED TO THE USE OF COIN-OPERATED PAY TOILETS, IN ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BUILDING REQUIRED BY STATE, COUNTY, OR MUNICIPAL LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION TO HAVE PUBLIC TOILETS, A FEE OR CHARGE MAY NOT BE IMPOSED FOR THE USE OF ANY TOILET REQUIRED BY LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION TO BE INSTALLED IN ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BUILDING. HOWEVER, ANY NUMBER TOILETS GREATER THAN THE NUMBER REQUIRED BY LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION MAY BE COIN-OPERATED.

(B) PENALTY.

A PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$50.