

In subsection (a) of this section, the former term "advertise" is deleted as included in "represent".

In subsection (b) of this section, the former phrase "within or without the State", which modified "cold storage", is deleted as unnecessary.

Also in subsection (b) of this section, "at the place of sale, there is a conspicuous sign" is substituted for "placard plainly and conspicuously marked ... on the bulk mass or articles of food", for clarity and simplicity.

4-528. RETURN TO COLD STORAGE OF FOOD RELEASED FROM COLD STORAGE.

IF FOOD HAS BEEN RELEASED FROM COLD STORAGE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PLACING THE FOOD ON THE MARKET FOR SALE, A PERSON MAY NOT RETURN THE FOOD TO COLD STORAGE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from the first sentence of former Article 43, § 239.

GENERAL REVISOR'S NOTE:

Former Article 43, § 242, which required that the precursor to this subtitle be interpreted in this State as a uniform state law, is deleted as obsolete. In 1929, the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws decided to stop presenting the Uniform Cold Storage Act to the state legislatures. At that time, only 6 states had adopted the Uniform Act, and some of those states have since repealed it.

As to the penalty for violating this subtitle, see Subtitle 8 of this title.

The General Assembly may wish to consider repealing this subtitle, which, as stated above, is derived from a Uniform Act published in 1914 and enacted by the General Assembly in 1916. As of 1981, only Maryland and 2 other states still had the Uniform Act in effect, and the Department advises the Commission to Revise the Annotated Code that the Uniform Act is virtually obsolete.

SUBTITLE 6. CANNERIES AND FROZEN FOOD PROCESSING PLANTS.

PART I. DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS.

4-601. DEFINITIONS.