

use of the term "environmental noise". The term "noise" is defined separately in this title -- as it was in former Article 43, § 823 -- and, except in the definition of "environmental noise standards", the former law relied on the definition of "noise" rather than the definition of "environmental noise". Therefore, in this subsection, the substantive parts of former Article 43, § 823(d) and the first half of (e) are combined into a single definition.

The balance of former Article 43, § 823(e) now appears in § 3-401 of this title.

(E) NOISE.

(1) "NOISE" MEANS THE INTENSITY, FREQUENCY, DURATION, AND CHARACTER OF SOUND.

(2) "NOISE" INCLUDES SOUND AND VIBRATION OF SUBAUDIBLE FREQUENCIES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection formerly appeared as Article 43, § 823(c).

The only changes are in style.

(F) POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.

"POLITICAL SUBDIVISION" MEANS A COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THIS STATE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection formerly appeared as Article 43, § 823(i).

The former language "including Baltimore City" is deleted as unnecessary in light of the definition of "county" in § 1-101 of this article.

The only other changes are in style.

(G) SOUND LEVEL LIMIT.

"SOUND LEVEL LIMIT" MEANS THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE NOISE EMISSION FROM A NOISE SOURCE IN A DEFINED AREA UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection formerly appeared as Article 43, § 823(f).

The only changes are in style.

(H) SOURCE.

"SOURCE" MEANS ANY PERSON OR PROPERTY FROM WHICH SOUND ORIGINATES.