

graduates, while the present law might appear to grant chiropractic graduates a perpetual exemption from this title, it must be understood that this part of the osteopathy law was passed in 1914 before a licensing mechanism existed for chiropractors. Therefore, after 1920, when the chiropractic licensing act was passed, the main rationale for this exemption disappeared. The General Assembly may wish to consider the deletion of the chiropractic exemption from this section.

SUBTITLE 2. STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS.

11-201. BOARD ESTABLISHED.

THERE IS A STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS IN THE DEPARTMENT.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as the first sentence of Art. 43, § 467(a).

It is set forth as a separate section for emphasis.

The word "State" is added to achieve uniformity among the names of the health occupation boards that this article governs.

The only other changes are in style.

11-202. MEMBERSHIP.

(A) COMPOSITION.

(1) THE BOARD CONSISTS OF SIX MEMBERS.

(2) OF THE SIX BOARD MEMBERS:

(I) FIVE SHALL BE LICENSED DOCTORS OF OSTEOPATHY; AND

(II) ONE SHALL BE A CONSUMER MEMBER.

(B) APPOINTMENT -- PRACTITIONER MEMBERS.

(1) THE GOVERNOR SHALL APPOINT THE PRACTITIONER MEMBERS, WITH THE ADVICE OF THE SECRETARY, FROM A LIST SUBMITTED TO THE SECRETARY AND TO THE GOVERNOR BY THE MARYLAND OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION. THE LIST SHALL:

(I) BE SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF THE MARYLAND OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION AND UNDER THE SEAL OF THE ASSOCIATION; AND

(II) CONTAIN THE NAMES OF THE MEMBERS IN GOOD STANDING OF THE MARYLAND OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION WHO