- (3)--INFLICTED--PERSONAL---INJURY---ON---ANOTHER, RESULTING--IN-DEATH, REQUIRING-THE-DECEASED-PERSON'S-FAMILY TO-INCHR-FUNERAL-EXPENSES-
- (b) Considering the age and circumstances of a child, the court may order the child to make restitution to the wronged party personally.
- (c) (1) A judgment rendered under this section may not exceed:
- (i) As to property stolen or destroyed, the lesser of the fair market value of the property or \$5,000;
- (ii) As to property damaged, the lesser of the amount of damage not to exceed the fair market value of the property damaged or \$5,000; and
- (iii) As to personal injuries, inflicted, the lesser of the reasonable medical, dental, and hospital, FUNERAL, AND BURIAL expenses incurred by the injured person as a result of the injury or \$5,000.
- (2) As an absolute limit against any one child or his parents, a judgment rendered under this section -{-may not exceed \$5,000 for all acts arising out of a single incident-{--.
- (1)--FOR--WHICH--THERE--IS-ONLY-ONE-VICTIM,
 MAY-NOT-EXCEED-\$5,000-FOR-ALL-ACTS-ARISING-OUT-OF--A-SINGLE
 INCIDENT:
- (11)--FOR--WHICH--THERE--16--MORE--THAN-ONE VICTIM,-MAY-NOT-EXCEED-\$5,000-FOR-EACH-VICTIM-FOR--ALL-ACTS ARIGING-OUT-OF-A-GINGLE-INGIDENT:
- (d) A judgment of restitution against a parent may not be entered unless the parent has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard and to present appropriate evidence in his behalf. A hearing under this section may be held as part of an adjudicatory or disposition hearing for the child.
- (e) The judgment may be enforced in the same manner as enforcing monetary judgments.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1981.

Approved May 12, 1981.