the safety of the person or property of others. If the court, after receipt of the report, shall find that the defendant is not, by reason of mental disorder, a danger to himself or to the safety of the person or property of others, it may (save in capital cases) set bail for the defendant or authorize his release upon recognizance. The court may at any time upon suggestion of the accused or upon its own motion and subject to the limitations as to frequency contained in § 15(g), reconsider the question of the accused's competency to stand trial. If the court determines that the defendant is by reason of mental disorder, a danger to himself or to the safety of the person property of others, it may in its discretion order the defendant sent to a facility designated by the Department OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE until such time as the court satisfied that the defendant is competent to stand trial or has ceased to be by reason of mental disorder a danger to himself or to the safety of the person or property of others. IF THE DEFENDANT IS DETERMINED TO BE INCOMPETENT BECAUSE OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND IS IN NEED OF CARE OR TREATMENT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE THE MENTAL RETARDATION ADMINISTRATION TO PROVIDE THE CARE AND TREATMENT. The defendant shall at any time after such order have the right to apply for his release pursuant to the provisions of § 15 of this article, the said order of committal to be treated as a hearing for purposes of determining the availability of subsequent review under that section. The fact that the defendant is found not competent stand trial does not preclude his counsel, if he elects to to do so, from making any legal objection to the prosecution which is susceptible of fair determination prior to trial and without the personal participation of the defendant.

(b) Whether or not the defendant is confined, if the court is of the view that so much time has elapsed since the finding of incompetency that it would be unjust to resume the criminal proceeding, the court may dismiss the charge; provided, that in capital cases the court may not dismiss the charge until ten (10) years have elapsed from the date of the finding of incompetency and in all other cases punishable by imprisonment in the penitary the court may not dismiss the charge until five (5) years have elapsed from the date of the finding of incompetency. The Department of HEALTH AND Mental Hygiene shall annually report to each court under whose commitment it may hold any person pursuant to this section, a list of all such persons in its custody, along with any recommendations which it may deem appropriate. A copy of each such report and recommendations shall be sent by the Department to the State's attorney instituting the charges and an additional copy shall be filed with the clerk of the court. The clerk shall advise the last counsel for each such person as shown by the records of the court of the fact that his client is listed and furnish to him a copy of any recommendation pertaining to his client. The State's attorney instituting the charges shall within thirty (30) days forward to the court and to the last counsel for each person charged his