

~~required-to-be-paid-by--employers--to--employees--and--their dependents,--who--are--totally-disabled-or-die-from-injuries arising-out-of-and-in-the--course--of--their--employment--as provided-in-§-36-of-this-article-]~~

[25.

Where an employee, though not actually disabled, is found to be affected by silicosis or asbestosis, he may, subject to the approval of the medical board, hereinafter created, be permitted to waive in writing full compensation for any aggravation of his condition that may result from his continuing in his hazardous occupation. In the event of total disablement or death as a result of the disease with which the employee was so affected, after such a waiver, compensation shall nevertheless be payable as herein elsewhere provided, but in no case, whether for disability or death or both, for longer than one hundred (100) weeks, but in no case to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in the aggregate. A waiver so permitted shall remain effective, for the trade, occupations, process or employment for which executed, notwithstanding a change or changes of employer. The Workmen's Compensation Commission shall make reasonable rules and regulations relative to the form, execution, filing or registration and public inspection of waivers or records thereof.]

25A.

[(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, no claim for scheduled income benefits shall be filed until the lapse of six full consecutive calendar months after the termination of exposure to harmful noise in employment. The time limitation for the filing of claims for occupational deafness shall not begin to run earlier than the day following the termination of such six months' period. The time for filing claim as provided under this paragraph shall be applicable not only in respect of the last employer, but also in respect of any prior employer who may have liability to pay compensation for the occupational deafness.]

26.

(a) (1) Written notice shall be given to the employer of an occupational disease by the employee or someone in his behalf within [thirty (30) days after the employee has actual knowledge thereof and in case of death from such an occupational disease, written notice of such death shall also be given to the employer within thirty (30) days thereafter. The failure to give such notice unless excused by the Commission either on the ground that notice for some sufficient reason could not have been given, or on the ground that the State Accident Fund, insurance company, or employer, as the case may be, has not been prejudiced thereby, shall be a bar to any claim under this article, provided, however, that the burden of proving that it or he