

(ii) Any member of the General Assembly] ANY JUDGE AS DEFINED IN SUBTITLE "PENSIONS OF JUDGES AND THEIR SURVIVING SPOUSES" IN THIS ARTICLE.

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(b) (1) Each judge covered by the plan shall contribute to the fund an amount equal to six percent of his compensation, to be deducted from his compensation each pay period until he has served as a judge for 16 years. He shall make no contribution thereafter.

(2) The fund shall be the fund in which all reserves for the payment of all allowances and other benefits shall be accumulated and from which shall be paid all benefits payable under the contributory plan for judges.

(3) Each year, on account of each member, the State shall pay into the fund an amount at least equal to a certain percentage of the annual earnable compensation of the member, to be known as the "normal contribution," and an additional amount equal to a certain percentage of his annual earnable compensation, to be known as the "accrued liability contribution." The rates percent of these contributions shall be fixed on the basis of the liabilities of the contributory plan for judges as shown by actuarial valuation.

(4) On the basis of interest and mortality and service tables adopted by the board of trustees, immediately after making each actuarial valuation, the actuary shall determine the "normal contribution" on account of each member, net of employee contributions, on the basis of the accrued benefit actuarial cost method. The ratio of the sum of the normal contributions so determined to the total annual earnable compensation of all members shall be known as the "normal contribution" rate.

(5) The accrued liability contribution rate shall be computed, on the basis of the accrued benefit actuarial cost method and any other assumption adopted by the board, as the rate percent of the total annual earnable compensation of all members that is sufficient to liquidate over a period of 40 years from July 1, 1980, the amount of the total liabilities of the contributory plan for judges as of June 30, 1980 based on benefits accrued to said date that is not dischargeable by the assets to the credit of the fund. Upon the recommendation of the actuary, the board shall adjust the accrued liability rate to reflect experience gains and losses or the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions within the period remaining to amortize the accrued liability, but not less than 15 years. If the accrued liability is increased by legislation enacted subsequent to July 1, 1980, the additional liability shall be funded over a period of 30 years from the first day of July, coincident with or next following the effective date of the increase. The rate percent so determined shall be known as the "accrued liability contribution" rate.