means abduction, arson, escape, kidnapping, manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter, mayhem, murder, robbery, or rape or sexual offense in the first or second degree, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, or the use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or another crime of violence.

- (2) The victim was a participant in the defendant's conduct or consented to the act which caused the victim's death.
- (3) The defendant acted under substantial duress, domination or provocation of another person, but not so substantial as to constitute a complete defense to the prosecution.
- (4) The murder was committed while the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired as a result of mental incapacity, mental disorder, emotional disturbance, or intoxication.
- (5) The youthful age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
- (6) The act of the defendant was not the sole proximate cause of the victim's death.
- (7) It is unlikely that the defendant will engage in further criminal activity that would constitute a continuing threat to society.
- (8) ANY OTHER FACTS WHICH THE JURY OF THE COURT SPECIFICALLY SETS FORTH IN WRITING THAT IT FINDS AS MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE CASE.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1979.

Approved May 29, 1979.

CHAPTER 522

(House Bill 173)

AN ACT concerning

Circuit Breaker - Procedure for Granting Tax Credits

FOR the purpose of altering the procedure for the granting of property tax credits to certain; providing for a change in the calculation of such credits in certain instances; establishing a certain time period for