

judge determines in any case that the interest of justice requires that this information remain confidential;

[(e)] (D) Determine the method for allocating names drawn from the qualified jury wheel between the grand and petit juries;

[(f)] (E) (1) Provide for a "juror qualification form" which asks each potential juror his:

(i) Name, address, age, sex, and education;

(ii) Race, religion, national origin;

(iii) Occupation and occupation of spouse;

(iv) Length of residence within the county;

(v) Prior jury service;

(vi) Whether he should be excused from jury service, has any physical or mental infirmity impairing his capacity to serve as a juror;

(vii) If he is able to read, write, speak, and understand the English language;

(viii) If he has pending against him any charge for the commission of, or has been convicted in any state or federal court of record, of a criminal offense other than a minor traffic offense (i.e., one punishable by a fine of less than \$500 or imprisonment for less than six months) and has not been legally pardoned; AND

[(ix)] The time when he can most conveniently serve; and]

[(x)](IX) Any other questions not inconsistent with the provisions of this title, required by the juror selection plan in the interests of the sound administration of justice.

(2) The juror shall certify under penalty of perjury that his responses are true to the best of his knowledge. Notarization is not required.

(3) The form shall make clear to the person that furnishing any information with respect to his race, religion, or national origin is not a prerequisite to his qualifications for jury service, and that this information need not be furnished if the person finds it objectionable to do so.

8-206.

(a) The clerk or jury commissioner, OR THE