

references to the particular type of police officer making the arrest are deleted as unnecessary and misleadingly inconsistent.

Subsection (e) of this section is considerably revised for clarity since the present provisions are nonsequential and literally unworkable; the revised language conforms to actual practice and the probable intent of the present statute.

In subsection (f) of this section, a reference to Title 12, Subtitle 2 of this article is substituted for the present, obsolete reference to Art. 66 1/2, §6-211; the latter was repealed by Ch. 645, Acts of 1975.

Also, in subsection (f) of this section, the present references to a "denial of issuance" are deleted as unnecessary. It should be kept in mind, however, that a suspension of an unlicensed person's privilege to drive necessarily refers to a refusal to subsequently issue him a license during the period of suspension.

Present Art. 66 1/2, §6-205.1(f), which relates to notices of suspensions, is deleted as unnecessary in light of §16-202(c) of this subtitle.

The only other changes are in style.

As to procedural and evidentiary requirements for these tests, see Title 10, Subtitle 3 of the Courts Article.

16-206. AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATION TO SUSPEND, REVOKE, OR REFUSE LICENSE.

(A) GROUNDS FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR REFUSAL.

THE ADMINISTRATION MAY SUSPEND, REVOKE, OR REFUSE TO ISSUE OR RENEW THE LICENSE OF ANY RESIDENT OR THE NONRESIDENT'S PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE OF ANY NONRESIDENT ON A SHOWING BY ITS RECORDS OR OTHER SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE THAT THE APPLICANT OR LICENSEE:

(1) HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF MOVING VIOLATIONS SO OFTEN AS TO INDICATE AN INTENT TO DISREGARD THE TRAFFIC LAWS AND THE SAFETY OF OTHER PERSONS ON THE HIGHWAYS;

(2) IS AN UNFIT, UNSAFE, OR HABITUALLY RECKLESS OR NEGLIGENT DRIVER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE;

(3) HAS PERMITTED AN UNLAWFUL OR FRAUDULENT