AS AN INCIDENT TO ITS NONHIGHWAY USE.

- (B) "SPECIAL MOBILE EQUIPMENT" INCLUDES A ROAD CONSTRUCTION OR MAINTENANCE MACHINE, MOBILE CRANE, DITCH DIGGER, WELL DRILLER, CONCRETE MIXER, JOB-SITE OFFICE VEHICLE, OR PORTABLE POWER GENERATOR.
- (C) "SPECIAL MOBILE EQUIPMENT" DOES NOT INCLUDE A FARM TRACTOR OR ANY FARM EQUIPMENT.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from Art. 66 1/2, §1-187.

11-160. STAND.

"STAND" MEANS TO HALT A VEHICLE, WHETHER OR NOT IT IS OCCUPIED, OTHER THAN TEMPORARILY:

- (1) WHEN NECESSARY TO AVOID CONFLICT WITH OTHER TRAFFIC OR IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS OF A POLICE OFFICER OR A TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE; OR
- (2) FOR THE PURPOSE OF AND WHILE ACTUALLY ENGAGED IN RECEIVING OR DISCHARGING PASSENGERS.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived from Art. 66 1/2, §1-189.

The term "standing", which is defined in present Art. 66 1/2, §1-189 as synonymous with "stand", is deleted as unnecessary. The meaning of "standing" and other verbal variations used in the Maryland Vehicle Law would necessarily derive from the definition of the verb "stand".

Item (1) of this section is new language; see revisor's note to  $\S11-144$  of this subtitle for an explanation of its addition.

The only other changes are in style.

11-161. STATE.

"STATE" INCLUDES A PROVINCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from Art. 66 1/2, §1-190.

The present reference to "a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, {and} ... Puerto Rico" is deleted as unnecessary. All of these are included already in the broad meaning of "any state", as defined in §1-101 of this article;