

(2) ATTEMPTS TO DIRECT THE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC;

(3) HIDES OR INTERFERES WITH THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE OR A RAILROAD SIGN OR SIGNAL; OR

(4) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY LAW, CONTAINS:

(I) ANY OF THE FOLLOWING WORDS: "STOP", "CURVE", "WARNING", "SLOW", "DANGER", "LISTEN", "LOOK", OR "SCHOOL"; OR

(II) ANY OTHER WORD USED IN DIRECTING THE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC.

(B) COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING PROHIBITED.

A PERSON MAY NOT PLACE OR MAINTAIN ON ANY HIGHWAY NOR MAY ANY PUBLIC AUTHORITY PERMIT ON ANY HIGHWAY ANY TRAFFIC SIGN OR SIGNAL THAT HAS ANY COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING ON IT.

(C) ERECTION ON PRIVATE PROPERTY OF CERTAIN DIRECTIONAL SIGNS PERMITTED.

THIS SECTION DOES NOT PROHIBIT THE PLACEMENT ON PRIVATE PROPERTY ADJACENT TO A HIGHWAY OF A SIGN GIVING USEFUL DIRECTIONAL INFORMATION, IF THE SIGN IS OF A TYPE THAT CANNOT BE MISTAKEN FOR AN OFFICIAL SIGN AND IS PLACED WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION.

(D) PROHIBITED SIGNS, ETC., A PUBLIC NUISANCE.

EACH SIGN, SIGNAL, MARKING, OR DEVICE PROHIBITED BY THIS SECTION IS A PUBLIC NUISANCE, AND THE AUTHORITY THAT HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE HIGHWAY MAY REMOVE IT WITHOUT NOTICE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 66 1/2, §11-205.

Subsection (a) (4) of this section is new language derived from the last clause of the first sentence of Art. 89B, §103. The specific penalty in present §103 is deleted in deference to the standard penalty in Title 27 of this article, already applicable to the balance of this section.

In subsection (c) of this section, the phrase "and ... placed with the approval of the State Highway Administration" is new language derived from the second sentence of Art. 89B, §103.