

days, until a national certification procedure becomes effective.

In 1970 the U.S. Commission Product Safety Commission issued a list of toys which were not safe for children.

This list was of great help to both consumers and vendors in determining which toys they wished to purchase or offer for sale.

It may be several years until a national certification procedure for safe toys is developed; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission is requested to continue issuing annually a list of unsafe toys to be supplemented every 90 days, until a national certification procedure becomes effective; and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this Resolution be sent to the President of the United States; to the Consumer Product Safety Commission, Executive Director, Stanley Parent, 5401 Westbard Ave., Bethesda, Maryland 20207; and to the Members of Maryland's Congressional Delegation: Senators Charles McC. Mathias, Jr. and J. Glenn Beall, Jr., Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; and Representatives Robert E. Bauman, Clarence D. Long, Paul S. Sartanes, Marjorie S. Holt, Gladys N. Spellman, Goodloe E. Byron, Parren J. Mitchell, and Gilbert Gude, House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515.

Approved May 4, 1976.

No. 49

(House Joint Resolution No. 48)

A House Joint Resolution concerning

Solar Energy

FOR the purpose of requesting the Governor to appoint a Commission to make recommendations to the General Assembly by the 1977 Legislative Session that would further the State's effort in developing a solar energy program.

WHEREAS, The impact of the energy crisis upon the nation, the State of Maryland and her several subdivisions which reached dramatic proportions during the Arab boycott and the concurrent rise in oil prices, initiated by the OPEC nations, has focused attention on