

PRACTICABLE, THE COMPLAINANT, preferably in person, of his decision to authorize the filing of a petition and the reasons for his decision.

(h) If the complaint alleges the commission of a delinquent act and the intake officer denies authorization to file a petition, the complainant may, within 15 days of PERSONAL NOTICE TO HIM, OR MAILING TO HIS LAST KNOWN ADDRESS OF the denial, submit the complaint for review by the State's attorney. The State's attorney shall promptly review the complaint. If, within 15 days, he concludes that the court has jurisdiction and that judicial action is in the best interests of the public or the child, he [[may authorize the filing of]] SHALL WITHIN THAT 15-DAY PERIOD FILE a petition.

(i) If the complaint does not allege the commission of a delinquent act, the complainant may, within 15 days of PERSONAL NOTICE TO HIM, OR MAILING TO HIS LAST KNOWN ADDRESS OF the denial, submit the complaint for review by the regional supervisor of the intake officer. The supervisor shall promptly review the complaint. If, within 15 days, he concludes that the court has jurisdiction and that judicial action is IN the best interests of the public and the child, he [[may]] [authorize] [[DIRECT the filing of]] SHALL WITHIN THAT 15-DAY PERIOD FILE a petition in writing.

### 3-811.

(B) ANY INFORMATION SECURED OR STATEMENT MADE BY A PARTICIPANT DURING A PRELIMINARY OR FURTHER inquiry pursuant to § 3-810 or a study pursuant to § 3-818 may not be admitted in evidence in any ADJUDICATORY hearing [prior to the adjudication or in a criminal proceeding against him] WHERE A PETITION ALLEGING DELINQUENCY HAS BEEN FILED, OR IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING prior to conviction.

### 3-812.

(b) Petitions alleging delinquency OR VIOLATION OF SECTION 3-831 shall be prepared and filed by the State's attorney. All other petitions shall be prepared and filed by the intake officer.

(d) The State's attorney, upon assigning his reasons, may dismiss IN OPEN COURT a petition alleging delinquency [in open court].

### 3-813.

(d) The proposals and recommendations of a master for juvenile causes do not constitute orders or final action of the court. They shall be promptly reviewed by the court; and in the absence of timely and proper exceptions, they may be adopted by the court and