

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That Sections 12-201 and 12-308(b) of Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings, of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1974 Volume and 1974 Supplement) be and they are hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, to read as follows:

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

12-201.

Except as provided in § 12-202 of this title, in any case or proceeding pending in or decided by the Court of Special Appeals upon appeal from a circuit court[,] OR THE MARYLAND TAX COURT, any party, including the state, may file in the Court of Appeals a petition for certiorari to review the case or proceeding. The petition may be filed either before or after the Court of Special Appeals has rendered a decision, but not later than 30 days after its mandate has been issued. In a case or proceeding described in this section, the Court of Appeals also may issue the writ of certiorari on its own motion.

12-308.

(b) Except as provided in § 12-307, after December 31, 1974, the Court of Special Appeals has exclusive initial appellate jurisdiction over any reviewable judgment, decree, order or other action of a circuit court, [or] and orphans' court, OR THE MARYLAND TAX COURT.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Sections 229(i) and (l) of Article 81 - Revenue and Taxes, of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1969 Replacement Volume and 1974 Supplement) be and they are hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, to read as follows:

Article 81 - Revenue and Taxes

229.

(i) The Court shall hear and determine all appeals promptly. In proper cases the Court shall file a written order. Copies of [said] THE order shall be certified by the clerk, under the seal of the Court, to the agency appealed from and to all parties to the appeal. [Such] THE order [shall be] IS final and conclusive, unless an appeal [be] IS taken to the Court of SPECIAL Appeals as hereinafter provided.

(l) Any party to the proceedings may appeal from