- (a) The party to be charged has waived it expressly or by implication either before or after it is due; or
- (b) Such party has himself dishonored the instrument or has countermanded payment or otherwise has no reason to expect or right to require that the instrument be accepted or paid; or
- (c) By reasonable diligence the presentment or protest cannot be made or the notice given.
 - (3) Presentment is also entirely excused when
- (a) The maker, acceptor or drawee of any instrument except a documentary draft is dead or in insolvency proceedings instituted after the issue of the instrument; or
- (b) Acceptance or payment is refused but not for want of proper presentment.
- (4) Where a draft has been dishonored by nonacceptance a later presentment for payment and any notice of dishonor and protest for nonpayment are excused unless in the meantime the instrument has been accepted.
- (5) A waiver of protest is also a waiver of presentment and of notice of dishonor even though protest is not required.
- (6) Where a waiver of presentment or notice or protest is embodied in the instrument itself it is binding upon all parties; but where it is written above the signature of an indorser it binds him only.

SUBTITLE 6. DISCHARGE.

OF

3-601. Discharge of parties.

- (1) The extent of the discharge of any party from liability on an instrument is governed by the sections on
 - (a) Payment or satisfaction (§ 3-603); or
 - (b) Tender of payment (§ 3-604); or
 - (c) Cancellation or renunciation (§ 3-605);
- (d) Impairment of right of recourse or of collateral (§ 3-606); or
 - (e) Reacquisition of the instrument by a