identified to the contract for sale repudiates or is otherwise in breach before risk of their loss has passed to him, the seller may to the extent of any deficiency in his effective insurance coverage treat the risk of loss as resting on the buyer for a commercially reasonable time.

- 2-511. Tender of payment by buyer; payment by check.
- (1) Unless otherwise agreed tender of payment is a condition to the seller's duty to tender and complete any delivery.
- (2) Tender of payment is sufficient when made by any means or in any manner current in the ordinary course of business unless the seller demands payment in legal tender and gives any extension of time reasonably necessary to procure it.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of TITLES 1 THROUGH 10 OF this article on the effect of an instrument on an obligation (§ 3-802), payment by check is conditional and is defeated as between the parties by dishonor of the check on due presentment.
- 2-512. Payment by buyer before inspection.
- (1) Where the contract requires payment before inspection nonconformity of the goods does not excuse the buyer from so making payment unless
- (a) The non-conformity appears without inspection; or
- (b) Despite tender of the required documents the circumstances would justify injunction against honor under the provisions of TITLES 1 THROUGH 10 OF this article (§ 5-114).
- (2) Payment pursuant to subsection (1) does not constitute an acceptance of goods or impair the buyer's right to inspect or any of his remedies.
- 2-513. Buyer's right to inspection of goods.
- (1) Unless otherwise agreed and subject to subsection (3), where goods are tendered or delivered or identified to the contract for sale, the buyer has a right before payment or acceptance to inspect them at any reasonable place and time and in any reasonable manner. When the seller is required or authorized to send the goods to the buyer, the inspection may be after their arrival.