Rules, including Art. 26, 68, 36, 36A, 36B, 37, 38, 42C, 69, which are proposed for repeal and Rules 1223, and 1200(d)(2)(iv).

Presently, it is unclear what employees are authorized in each county and it is possible that many court employees are serving in positions which are not expressly authorized by either rule or statute. Only a few counties, for example, statutorily authorize a judge to employ a secretary.

The provision allowing masters in Baltimore County to sit in locations other than the county seat is proposed for deletion. Judges have inherent power to direct and supervise masters.

Art. IV, §9 of the Constitution authorized the judges of any court to appoint the officers necessary for the conduct of the business of their court. While it is unnecessary to duplicate this provision here, it is felt wise to include some provision relating to employees in this subtitle. Similar statutory authority for the District Court and the appellate courts appear in this draft in §§ 2-601, 2-401, and 2-402 respectively.

See also Art. IV, §26 of the Constitution relating to appointment of deputy clerks.

It is hoped that a blanket authorization such as this will avoid much confusion.

This section is derived from §32 of the Allegany County Code (1963 ed.).

Subsection (c) was added by H.B. 1577, Ch. 883 of the Acts of 1973. The bill repealed various sections of the public local laws of the counties in the seventh judicial circuit, and added a new section governing court reporters in this circuit.

SEC. 2-502. OTHER DOCKETS AND RECORDS.

THE CLERKS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF A COUNTY OR THE COURTS OF THE SUPREME BENCH OF BALTIMORE CITY