

ANY PARTICULAR SPECIES OF FISH MAY NOT BE CAUGHT LEGALLY AND INCLUDES ANY PERIOD OF TIME NOT INCLUDED WITHIN THE OPEN SEASON.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived from Article 66C, section 112(o) of the Code. It is adapted for the subject matter of this title.

{D} "COUNTY" INCLUDES BALTIMORE CITY UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

REVISOR'S NOTE: The definition of this subsection is added, because a similar definition in Article 1, Section 14, frequently is overlooked. It is redrafted for purposes of clarity and to avoid any confusion.

[[(D)]] {E} "DEPARTMENT" MEANS DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language in order to avoid repetitive use of Department of Natural Resources.

[[(E)]] {F} "FISH" MEANS FINFISH, CRUSTACEANS, MOLLUSKS, AND AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES WHICH SPEND THE MAJORITY OF THEIR LIFE CYCLE IN WATER AND ANY PART, EGG, OFFSPRING, OR DEAD BODY OF ANY OF THESE SPECIES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This definition is new language. It is added to establish a uniform meaning of the word whenever it is used in a general and all encompassing sense. Present statutory provisions use different terms which create confusion. Whenever a provision of a section of this title pertains only to a particular type of fish (i.e. crabs or oysters), then only the name of the particular type of the fish is used.

The term "crustaceans and mollusks" is used which includes shellfish and other species of aquatic life such as crabs, oysters, clams, lobsters, shrimp, and scallops that, biologically, do not completely fall within the terms finfish or shellfish.

The broad definition of "fish" is not necessarily applicable to the use of the word in the various interstate compacts in