

section are transferred without change from one article of the present Code to another article of the present Code. Sometimes, this is done to facilitate the elimination of an entire article of the present Code (e.g. Art. 26). In every case, the transfer is consistent with the organization of the proposed revised code.

Art. 16, §131 requires the indexing of certain decrees before they become liens on real property. It is transferred to a portion of Art. 21 requiring the indexing of other records.

Art. 17, §5 directs the maintenance of a creditors' docket. It is transferred to Art. 47, "Insolvents".

Art. 24, §7, while possibly obsolete, may contain certain protections for acquitted defendants. It is transferred to Art. 38, which deals generally with payment of fines and costs in criminal cases.

Art. 26, §128A defines a crime of payment of District Court fines or costs by a bad check. It is also transferred to Art. 38. The General Assembly might wish to consider making this provision apply to all courts.

Art. 26, §§ 132-138 constitute the Review of Criminal Sentences Act. Since this Act deals exclusively with criminal law, it is placed in Art. 27.

Art. 26, §159 provides for a juvenile probationary school in Baltimore County. Since by its terms, this section covers certain criminal offenders generally, and is not limited to motor vehicle offenders, it is transferred to Art. 27; compare Art. 66 1/2, §6-205.3 (Ch. 643, Acts of 1973) which deals only with traffic schools.

Art. 42, §18, containing restriction or change of custody of a prisoner, is placed in Art. 27.

Art. 57, §10 is a limitation provision closely connected to land patent matters. It