

in such state, and shall cease to be a lien in the same manner and time".

For State's Lien on debtor's property, see Art. 9, §49.

The first provision of Art. 26, §150(b) is incorporated in §1-601 of this article.

For vendor's liens see Art. 21, §§ 7-201 to 7-205.

Other provisions of Art. 26, § 150(b) and (c) appear in Subtitle 7 of this title.

SEC. 11-403. LIEN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

A WRIT OF EXECUTION ON A MONEY JUDGMENT DOES NOT BECOME A LIEN ON THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE DEFENDANT UNTIL AN ACTUAL LEVY IS MADE. THE LIEN EXTENDS ONLY TO THE PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE LEVY.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived from Art. 26, § 21 (enacted by the Legislature in 1973, see Ch. 244, S.B. 791). The term "personal property" is substituted for "chattels" for the purpose of clarity. Judgment liens on "chattels real" are covered by §11-402.

SUBTITLE 5 - EXECUTION.

SEC. 11-501. SHERIFF MAY SELL PROPERTY.

A SHERIFF TO WHOM ANY WRIT OF EXECUTION IS DIRECTED MAY SEIZE AND SELL THE LEGAL OR EQUITABLE INTEREST OF THE DEFENDANT NAMED IN THE WRIT IN REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 83, § 1. The section, which originally applied only to the sale of real property is expanded to apply to personal property as well. This is not a substantive change as the sheriff's power to seize and sell chattels is recognized, at least implied by Art. 87, §§ 39A, 39B and 30.

The provision making this section applicable to other officers to whom writs of execution