

CONSOLATION.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 36, §13. Only a slight change is made in language.

SEC. 9-112. PRESS, RADIO, OR TELEVISION EMPLOYEES.

A PERSON ENGAGED IN, CONNECTED WITH, OR EMPLOYED ON A NEWSPAPER OR JOURNAL OR FOR ANY RADIO OR TELEVISION STATION MAY NOT BE COMPELLED TO DISCLOSE, IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING OR TRIAL OR BEFORE ANY COMMITTEE OF THE LEGISLATURE OR ELSEWHERE, THE SOURCE OF ANY NEWS OR INFORMATION PROCURED OR OBTAINED BY HIM FOR AND PUBLISHED IN THE NEWSPAPER OR DISSEMINATED BY THE RADIO OR TELEVISION STATION WHERE HE IS ENGAGED, CONNECTED WITH, OR EMPLOYED.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 35, §2.

The Court of Appeals in State v. Sheridan, 248 Md. 320, 322 (1967) has stated that "... the statute makes inviolate only 'the source of any news or information' and not the 'news or information' itself". The appeal in this case was dismissed because the question involved was moot, and the court's decision did not construe this Statute which was enacted in 1896. The 1967 decision is the only case which cites this section.

One slight change in language is made.

SEC. 9-113. ADVERSE PERSON OR PARTY.

IN A CIVIL CASE, A PARTY OR AN OFFICER, DIRECTOR, OR MANAGING AGENT OF A CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, OR ASSOCIATION MAY BE CALLED BY THE ADVERSE PARTY AND INTERROGATED AS ON CROSS-EXAMINATION.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This is new language derived from Art. 35, §9. The language and style are altered for the purpose of clarity and simplification.

SEC. 9-114. INTERPRETERS.

(A) APPOINTMENT.

IF A PARTY OR WITNESS IS DEAF OR A DEAF-MUTE OR