PURSUANT TO §2-[[207]] 206 OF THIS ARTICLE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: The basic constitutional powers of the chief judge are found in Art. IV, §41E. Sec. 1-605 is an attempt to state the chief judge's major functions in one section, even though some of them are prescribed in the Constitution.

Subsection (a) now appears as part of Art. 26, §141(c).

Subsection (b) is substantially subsection (b) of Art. 26, §143.

Subsection (c) contains the basic assignment power of the chief judge now contained in Art. 26, §143(c), but the language is simplified. The Commission thought it unnecessary to spell out the reasons for assignment of judges.

Subsection (d), paragraphs (1) and (2) follow the constitutional provisions referred to. Paragraphs (3) and (4) are taken from Art. 26, §150(a). Paragraph (5) is taken from Art. 26, §155.

Paragraph (6) is based on a portion of the last sentence of Art. 26, §150(d), as enacted by Ch. 247, Acts of 1972. The bulk of that statute appears as §2-206 of this article.

SEC. 1-606. OFFICE FOR CHIEF JUDGE AND CHIEF CLERK.

THE STATE SHALL PROVIDE AT A CENTRAL LOCATION ADEQUATE AND APPROPRIATE OFFICES, FURNISHINGS, AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT FOR THE CHIEF JUDGE, CHIEF CLERK, AND THEIR STAFFS.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 26, §152. The only changes made are in style.

SEC. 1-607. ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGES; FUNCTIONAL DIVISIONS.

THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, SHALL DESIGNATE A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE IN