

exceptions contained in §145(b)(1) with respect to felonies and Art. 26, §70-2(d)(2) appear in §4-302. Jurisdiction over violation of the State Boat Act is added by Ch. 129, H.B. 113, Acts of 1973.

SEC. 4-302. EXCEPTIONS.

(A) FELONIES.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN §4-301(2), THE DISTRICT COURT DOES NOT HAVE JURISDICTION TO TRY A CRIMINAL CASE CHARGING THE COMMISSION OF A FELONY.

(B) JUVENILE CAUSES.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN §4-303, THE DISTRICT COURT DOES NOT HAVE CRIMINAL JURISDICTION TO TRY A CASE IN WHICH A JUVENILE COURT HAS EXCLUSIVE ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(C) CONCURRENT JURISDICTION CASES.

THE JURISDICTION OF THE DISTRICT COURT IS CONCURRENT WITH THAT OF THE CIRCUIT COURT IN A CRIMINAL CASE IN WHICH THE PENALTY MAY BE CONFINEMENT FOR THREE YEARS OR MORE OR A FINE OF \$2,500 OR MORE.

(D) JURY TRIAL.

(1) THE DISTRICT COURT IS DEPRIVED OF JURISDICTION IF A DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED TO AND DEMANDS A JURY TRIAL AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO TRIAL IN THE DISTRICT COURT.

(2) A DEFENDANT MAY DEMAND A JURY TRIAL IN A CRIMINAL CASE IF THE PENALTY FOR THE OFFENSE WITH WHICH HE IS CHARGED PERMITS IMPRISONMENT FOR A PERIOD IN EXCESS OF THREE MONTHS; THE STATE MAY NOT DEMAND A JURY TRIAL.

(E) SEVERAL OFFENSES.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBTITLE 5, THE DISTRICT COURT DOES NOT HAVE JURISDICTION OF AN OFFENSE OR OFFENSES OTHERWISE WITHIN THE DISTRICT COURT'S JURISDICTION IF A PERSON IS CHARGED WITH AN OFFENSE OR OFFENSES ARISING FROM THE SAME CIRCUMSTANCES BUT NOT WITHIN THE DISTRICT COURT'S JURISDICTION. IN THIS CASE, THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY HAS EXCLUSIVE