

for deletion because it appears as §9-201(p). The only other changes made are in style.

(E) "CONSUMER" INCLUDES ANY PERSON WHO PURCHASES OR OTHERWISE OBTAINS SEED FOR PLANTING PURPOSES BUT NOT FOR RESALE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection presently appears as Art. 48, §148(d), of the Code. The only changes made are in style.

(F) "CONTROLLED CONDITIONS" MEANS THOSE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR GENETIC PURITY OF SEED STOCKS, ISOLATION, PLANTING RATIO, DETASSELING, ROGUING, HARVESTING, AND OTHER FACTORS NECESSARY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF HYBRID SEED AS ESTABLISHED BY RULES AND REGULATIONS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language suggested by the Department to define a term used in this subtitle without definition. This definition is modeled after a similar definition in the Recommended Uniform State Seed Law.

(G) "FLOWER SEED" INCLUDES THE SEED OF ANY HERBACEOUS PLANT GROWN FOR ITS BLOSSOMS, ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE, OR OTHER ORNAMENTAL PART AND COMMONLY KNOWN AND SOLD UNDER THE NAME OF FLOWER SEED IN THE STATE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection presently appears as Art. 48, §148(g) of the Code. The only changes made are in style.

(H) "GERMINATION" HAS THE MEANING PROVIDED BY RULE OR REGULATION OF THE SECRETARY.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived from Art. 48, §148(t) of the Code and set forth here for organizational purposes. The present reference to the Federal Seed Act is omitted because the definition in this act is not updated as often as is necessary. This definition is modeled after a similar definition in the Recommended Uniform State Seed Law.

(I) "HYBRID" MEANS THE FIRST GENERATION SEED OF A CROSS PRODUCED BY CONTROLLING THE POLLINATION AND BY USE OF STERILE ~~[[ LIVES ]]~~ LINES AND COMBINING: