

evidentiary provisions.

SEC. 3-821. WHEN CHILD MAY BE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

A CHILD MAY BE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY:

(1) PURSUANT TO THE ORDER OF THE COURT UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBTITLE;

(2) PURSUANT TO THE LAW OF ARREST;

(3) BY A LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE COURT WHEN HE HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT THE CHILD IS IN IMMEDIATE DANGER FROM HIS SURROUNDINGS AND THAT HIS REMOVAL IS NECESSARY FOR HIS PROTECTION; OR

(4) BY A LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE COURT WHEN HE HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT THE CHILD HAS RUN AWAY FROM HIS PARENTS, GUARDIAN, OR LEGAL CUSTODIAN.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 26, §70-9. The only changes made are in style.

SEC. 3-822. DUTIES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS UPON TAKING CHILD INTO CUSTODY; FAILURE OF PARENT TO COMPLY WITH REQUEST TO BRING CHILD BEFORE COURT.

(A) DUTIES OF LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICER UPON TAKING CHILD INTO CUSTODY.

IF A LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TAKES A CHILD INTO CUSTODY, HE SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY, OR CAUSE TO BE NOTIFIED, THE CHILD'S PARENTS, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN OF THE ACTION. AFTER MAKING EVERY REASONABLE EFFORT TO GIVE NOTICE, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL WITH ALL REASONABLE SPEED:

(1) RELEASE THE CHILD TO HIS PARENTS, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN UPON THEIR WRITTEN PROMISE TO BRING THE CHILD BEFORE THE COURT WHEN REQUESTED BY THE COURT, UNLESS HIS PLACEMENT IN DETENTION OR SHELTER CARE APPEARS REQUIRED BY §3-823, OR

(2) DELIVER THE CHILD TO THE COURT OR A PLACE OF DETENTION OR SHELTER CARE DESIGNATED BY THE COURT.

(B) FAILURE OF PARENT TO COMPLY WITH REQUEST TO