

a case otherwise within its jurisdiction.

SEC. 3-807. JURISDICTION IN PATERNITY PROCEEDINGS.

THE COURT HAS CONCURRENT JURISDICTION OVER PATERNITY PROCEEDINGS ONLY IF A CHILD OR OTHER PERSON IS OTHERWISE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT. PROCEDURE IN A PATERNITY CASE SHALL BE AS PRESCRIBED BY ARTICLE 16, §§ 66A - 66P OF THE CODE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived from Art. 26, §70-2(c). This section is modified to clearly indicate that a juvenile court has jurisdiction over paternity proceedings only if a child or other person is otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the court. If the court is required to determine paternity, it must afford the procedures specified in Art. 16, §66Aff, including a jury trial if demanded.

SEC. 3-808. EXEMPTIONS; LIMITATIONS OF JURISDICTION.

THE COURT DOES NOT HAVE JURISDICTION OVER:

(1) A CHILD 14 YEARS OLD OR OLDER ALLEGED TO HAVE DONE AN ACT WHICH, IF COMMITTED BY AN ADULT, WOULD BE A CRIME PUNISHABLE BY DEATH OR LIFE IMPRISONMENT, OR AN ASSOCIATED OFFENSE, UNLESS AN ORDER REMOVING THE PROCEEDING TO THE JUVENILE COURT HAS BEEN FILED PURSUANT TO §594A OF ARTICLE 27;

(2) A CHILD 16 YEARS OLD OR OLDER ALLEGED TO HAVE DONE AN ACT IN VIOLATION OF ANY PROVISION OF THE STATE VEHICLE LAW OR ANY OTHER TRAFFIC LAW OR ORDINANCE EXCEPT WHEN A CHARGE IS MANSLAUGHTER BY AUTOMOBILE, POSSESSION OF A STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLE, UNAUTHORIZED USE OR OCCUPANCY OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, TAMPERING WITH A MOTOR VEHICLE, OR VIOLATION OF §11-902 OF THE STATE VEHICLE LAW;

(3) A CHILD 16 YEARS OLD OR OLDER ALLEGED TO HAVE DONE AN ACT IN VIOLATION OF ANY PROVISION OF LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION GOVERNING THE USE OR OPERATION OF A BOAT EXCEPT WHEN A CHARGE OF MANSLAUGHTER BY BOAT, POSSESSION OF A STOLEN BOAT, TAMPERING WITH A BOAT, OR OPERATING A BOAT WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS.

(4) A CHILD 16 YEARS OLD OR OLDER ALLEGED TO HAVE COMMITTED THE CRIME OF ROBBERY WITH A DEADLY