3-14.

(a) Whenever in the opinion of any board the registration forms have become filled in and can no longer be used, the information contained thereon shall be transcribed on new forms under the supervision and direction of the board. When new forms are prepared in accordance with this subsection the judges of election, after determining that the person offering to vote is in fact the duly registered voter transcribed thereon, shall require the voter to sign the new binder form before issuing a voter authority card.

3-15.

If at any election, it shall appear that the original registration form of any person presenting himself as a voter is not among the cards constituting the precinct register for use on election day, such person may apply to the board, or a majority of its members on forms to be provided by the board, for a certificate entitling him to cast his ballot in spite of the absence of such original registration form. Upon receipt of any application of such a certificate accompanied by proof of the identity of the applicant, a majority of the board shall inspect the duplicate registration forms retained in the office of the board, and if inspection discloses that the applicant is a duly registered voter, a majority of the board shall make reasonable effort to locate the applicant's original registration form. If such original form is not found and if a majority of the board shall be satisfied that its absence is not due to fraud or malfeasance, the board or a majority of its members shall issue its certification, to the judges of the precinct in which the applicant is found to be a registered voter. The certificate shall be marked "Temporary Certificate of Registration," shall be in the form provided by subsection (c) of this section, and shall be sufficient authority to permit the voter to cast his ballot in his precinct as though his original registration form were present. The certificate, when completed by the judges shall be retained by the judges and returned to the board at the time prescribed for the return of the original registration forms.

4A-2.

(b) Each candidate for nomination for judge of the circuit court for a county or for Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City, each candidate for nomination for Judge of the Court of Special Appeals, and each candidate for nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland shall file his certificate under oath with the State Administrative Board of Election Laws. [Each candidate for nomination for Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City shall file his certificate under oath with the board in Baltimore City.]

8-2.

(a) No person who has been defeated for the nomination for any office in a primary election, except a candidate for the office of judge, and except as provided in subsection (b) below, shall have his name printed on the ballot at the succeeding general election as a candidate for any office. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted as being applicable to candidates for nomination of their party for President of the United States who have been defeated in a Presidential preference primary election.