

(g) If, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the jury, or if no jury is requested, the court, finds that the proposed patient is not suffering from a mental disorder, and as a result of such disorder is likely to cause grave personal injury to himself or others, it shall terminate the proceedings, dismiss the application and discharge the proposed patient forthwith.

(r) If, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the jury, or if no jury is requested, the court finds the proposed patient is:

(1) suffering from a mental disorder, and

(2) because of his mental disorder is likely to cause grave personal injury to himself or others, and

(3) amenable to treatment at the proposed facility, and

(4) unable to obtain appropriate care or treatment at any out-patient or other facility offering a less restrictive alternative to in-patient care, and

(5) able to receive intensive care and treatment at a facility which is equipped and staffed to provide same, the court shall then commit the proposed patient to such a facility licensed by or under the jurisdiction of the Department or to any Veterans' Administration hospital consenting to receive him for a thirty-day (30) period for further intensive care and treatment.

(s) Whenever a person is committed under subsection (r) the court shall issue a warrant in duplicate, committing the patient to the custody of the head of the designated facility or hospital for the care of the mentally ill or mentally retarded. Upon delivery of a patient committed under subsection (4) to the facility or hospital the head of the facility or hospital shall retain the duplicate warrant and endorse this receipt upon the original warrant which shall be filed in the court of commitment. After such delivery the patient shall be under the control and custody of the head of the designated facility or hospital. A copy of the court order committing the patient, a copy of the report of the medical examiners, and a copy of the social service report shall be transmitted to the head of the facility or hospital receiving such person.

(t) At the expiration of the thirty day (30) period of confinement a person may be confined for further treatment for an additional period, not to exceed sixty (60) days if he:

(1) has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon another person after having been taken into custody for evaluation and treatment, and who, as a result of mental disorder, presents an imminent threat of substantial physical harm to others; or

(2) has attempted or inflicted physical harm upon another person, that act having resulted in his being taken into custody and who presents, as a result of mental disorder, an imminent threat of substantial physical harm to others; or

(3) has threatened or attempted to take his own life after having been taken into custody for evaluation and treatment, or who was detained for evaluation and treatment because he threatened or attempted to take his own life, and who continues to present an imminent threat of taking his own life.