

(4) Revocation, suspension or refusal to renew authority to practice public accounting in any other state for any cause except failure to pay an annual fee; or suspension or revocation of the right to practice before any state or federal agency.

(5) In the case of partnership, any of the causes enumerated above; and in addition, failure or cessation of the partnership to have all of the qualifications prescribed in Sections 6 or 8 for registration; or revocation, suspension or refusal to grant or renew the certificate, registration or enrollment to practice of any partner.]

(1) *Fraud or deceit in obtaining or applying for any such certificate, registration or enrollment;*

(2) *Violation of a rule of professional conduct promulgated by the Board under the authority granted by this act.*

(3) *Dishonesty, fraud or gross negligence in the practice of public accounting.*

(4) *Conviction of a felony, or of any crime an element of which is dishonesty or fraud under laws of any state or of the United States. For the purpose of this subsection a plea of nolo contendere accepted by a Court shall be considered a conviction.*

(5) *Violation of any provision of Section 14 of this Article.*

(6) *Revocation, suspension or refusal to renew authority to practice public accounting in any other state for any cause except failure to pay an annual fee; or suspension or revocation of the right to practice before any state or federal agency.*

(7) *Failure to become a citizen of the United States within six years by any person not a citizen of the United States when he or she received a certificate as a certified public accountant under this Act.*

(8) *In the case of a partnership or corporation, any of the causes enumerated above; and in addition, failure or cessation of the partnership or corporation to have all of the qualifications prescribed in Sections 6, 8 or 9 for registration; or revocation, suspension or refusal to grant or renew the certificate, registration or enrollment to practice of any partner or corporate officer.*

[12.] 13. HEARINGS BEFORE BOARD: REVIEW

The Board may initiate proceedings under this article either on its own motion or on the complaint of any person. Such proceedings shall be conducted according to regulations established by the Board as to notice, hearing, representation by counsel, and procedure. The Board or any member thereof may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and may administer oaths, take testimony, and receive exhibits in evidence. In case of disobedience to a subpoena the Board may invoke the aid of any court of this State in requiring the attendance and testimony of witness and the production of documentary evidence. The Board shall not be bound by technical rules of evidence. The decision of the Board shall be by majority vote. Anyone adversely affected by such decision shall be entitled to review thereof as provided by the administration procedure act, Sections 255 and 256 of Article 41 of this Code as amended from time to time.