necessary that they be transferred to other District Courts or to other courts within or without the district in accordance with law. The chief judge of the District Court shall establish such recordation procedures as necessary, and the procedures shall be uniform throughout the State. The clerks of the District Court in each district and county shall forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles a record of the conviction of any person in said court for a violation of any provision of Article 66½ of the Annotated Code of Maryland, 1957 Edition, as amended, or of any other law regulating the operation of motor vehicles on highways. The Chief Judge of the District Court and the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish reporting procedures which shall be uniform in all districts.

- (b) The District Court shall be a court of record and shall have a seal, and its judgments shall be a lien upon real estate in the county in which the judgment is obtained and OR subsequently filed and recorded, or in the city of Baltimore if the judgment is obtained or subsequently filed and OR recorded therein, all in accordance with the provisions of Article 26, Section 20 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, 1957 Edition, as amended. The court shall have all the power and authority to enforce and control these judgments as is vested in any other court of record in the State of Maryland.
- (c) All judgments of the District Court shall be entered up within three (3) days of rendition and shall bear interest from the date of entry at the rate of six percentum (6%) per annum. Any judgments rendered by a judge of the District Court shall remain in force for twelve (12) years from date of entry and may be revived at any time within said twelve (12) years by scire facias returnable on a certain day not less than twenty (20) or more than thirty (30) days from issuing thereof. Whenever any plaintiff dies, his personal representative has the right upon application to the Court to appear and be made a party to the judgment, and whenever any defendant dies within twelve (12) years from the entry of judgment, a scire facias may be sued out upon application of the plaintiff to revive the judgment against the personal representative of the defendant.

## 151. Cost of System and Disposition of Revenues.

The cost of the maintenance, operation and administration, AND THE COST OF PROVIDING NECESSARY FACILITIES INCLUDING CAPITAL COSTS, of the District Court shall be borne exclusively by the State, and, except as provided in Section 454 155, all revenues derived from the operation and administration of the court shall enure to the State.

## 152. Office for Chief Judge and Chief Clerk.

The State shall provide at a central location adequate and appropriate offices, furnishings, and office equipment for the chief judge, chief clerk, and their staffs.

## 153. Service of Process, Sheriffs and Constables.

(a) Upon the recommendation of the administrative judge of each district, the Chief Judge of the District Court shall appoint DESIGNATE for each district a number of shoriffs or constables as required to serve civil process of the District Court within that dis-