such father, or mother (if there be no father living), to show cause why such appointment should not be made; and such appointment shall be as valid in every respect as if the father and mother of such infant were both dead at the time; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the said courts from appointing the father or mother of such infant it's guardian if the court to whom the appointment properly belongs shall, in its discretion, deem such father or mother a fit and proper person to be so appointed.

[167] 4. Infant may be brought before court.

The court shall have power to have brought before them any infant for the purpose of appointing a guardian.

[168] 5. Appointment by mother in last will.

The appointment of a guardian by a mother of an infant by last will and testament shall be as valid in every respect, and to all intents and purposes, as if such appointment had been made by the father of such infant by will, provided such mother be capable in law to execute a last will and testament.

[170] 6. Guardianship to extend to all property of infant.

When a guardian shall be appointed by the orphans' court in this State, or by last will and testament, agreeably to law, such guardianship shall extend to all the property of the infant within this State, or which may be obtained by such guardian out of the State, by virtue of such appointment or guardianship.

[175] 7. Bond of guardian—In general.

Every natural guardian, or guardian appointed by last will and testament of the estate or property of infants shall give bond, with sureties to be approved by the orphans' court as directed in Section [176] 8 of this article.

[176] 8. Same—Penalty, surety and conditions.