102.

(i) A chronic alcoholic shall be treated as a sick person and provided adequate and appropriate medical, psychiatric, and other humane rehabilitative treatment services for his illness. All public officials in the State shall take cognizance of this legislative policy and this **[**subtitle**]** article shall be construed in a manner consistent therewith.

303.

(e) The police shall make every reasonable effort to protect the health and safety of intoxicated persons, in accordance with the intent of this section. If no criminal charge is filed no entry shall be made on the person's arrest or other criminal record. The registration and other records of a detoxification unit and of the other alcoholism treatment facilities utilized under this [subtitle] article shall remain confidential and a patient's identity may be disclosed without the patient's consent only to his family, next of kin, to personnel working with the patient in accordance with this [subtitle] article, to police personnel for purposes of investigation of criminal offenses and of complaints against police action, and to court or correctional personnel for purposes of procedures related to trial, appeal, probation, parole and presentence reports.

304.

- (a) A patient in a detoxification unit shall be encouraged to consent to an intensive diagnosis for possible alcoholism on his first stay and, where indicated, to consent to treatment at the inpatient and outpatient facilities provided for under Section 302(a) (2) and 302(a) (3) of this **[**chapter **]** article.
- (1) Any person may voluntarily request admission to an inpatient facility under the provisions of Article 59, Section 37. The medical officer then in charge of the inpatient facility is authorized to determine who shall be admitted as a patient on a voluntary basis. A person who has previously been diagnosed and treated at an inpatient facility may again be admitted voluntarily for further diagnosis and treatment at the discretion of the medical officer in charge of the facility.
- (2) A complete medical, social, occupational, and family history shall be obtained as part of the diagnosis and classification at the inpatient facility. An effort shall be made to obtain copies of all pertinent records from other agencies, institutions, and medical facilities in order to develop a complete and permanent history on each patient.

305.

- (a) A chronic alcoholic shall be encouraged to consent to outpatient and aftercare treatment for his illness at the types of facilities, and utilizing the broad spectrum of services, provided for under Section 302(a) (3) of this [chapter] article.
- (1) Any person may voluntarily request admission to outpatient treatment.
- (2) **[(a)]** Because of the nature and seriousness of the disease a chronic alcoholic must be expected to relapse into intoxication