Somerset county, praying the passage of a law requiring all the commissioners of said county, relating to public roads, causeways, and landing places, which require to be entered of record and which have been finally ratified, be recorded by the clerk of Somerset county court;

Read and referred to Messrs. Winder, Long and Humphreys.

Mr. Risteau submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the committee on divorces shall not receive and act on any testimony brought here to support an application for a divorce, which shall not appear to have been taken according to regular form in law, or which shall not have been taken upon ten days' notice to the opposite party, of the time, place and mode of taking such testimony, and that all such testimony shall not be by certificate by affidavit.

Mr. Gallagher moved to amend the said resolution by adding the following: "Provided however, that nothing in this act shall apply to the applications which are before this Legislature.

Mr. Biser moved to amend the said amendment by adding there-

to, "or that may be applied for during the present session.

On the question being put, will the House agree to amend the amendment,

Determined in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the House adopt the amendment as amended,

Determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Winder moved the following as a substitute:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it will grant no divorces at its present session.

On the question being put, will the House adopt the substitute?

On motion of Mr. Mason,

Ordered, That the whole subject be laid on the table.

Mr. Graves submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the only

constitutional currency, is that of gold and silver coin.

Resolved, That "the pestilent effects of paper money on the necessary confidence between man and man; on the necessary confidence in the public councils; on the industry and morals of the people, and on the character of republican government," are as practically experienced at the present day as they were when such paper money was thus characterized by statesmen cotemporary with the adoption of the Constitution.

Resolved, That the total absence of any constitutional control by the General Government over State Banking Corporations, the frequent and mischievous suspensions of the liabilities of these corporations, and hence, the necessary insecurity of their paper representatives of currency,—as well as the losses already sustained by the receipt of this currency in the public treasury, and the general embarrassments produced by a connection of the Federal Government with the banks, sufficiently indicate the proprie-