

(b) for the instruction of public fire fighters or industrial employees under supervision of the County Commissioners or their duly authorized representatives,

(c) for the protection of the public health.

(4) Fires may be used for the cooking of food provided no smoke violation is created.

(5) Salamanders or other devices may be used for heating by construction or other workers provided no smoke violation is created.

(6) Fires may be set in course of agricultural operations provided no nuisance is created.

(7) Open fires may be set for recreational purposes, such as camp fires, provided no smoke violation is created.

255C. Any equipment that may produce air pollutants as set forth in this subtitle shall be operated and maintained in such a manner that a nuisance is not created. This shall include the continuous emission of visible smoke from motor vehicle exhausts.

255D. Except as noted below, a permit shall be obtained from the Building Engineer for the construction, installation, remodeling, or major alteration of any equipment, device, or process that may produce in its operation one or more of the air pollutants set forth in this subtitle.

Plans and specifications for such equipment, device, or process shall be submitted, as required by the Building Engineer. If building plans include this information in sufficient detail for appraisal, no separate plans need be filed. Upon a finding that the proposed equipment, device or process is satisfactory for purposes of preventing air pollution as defined in this subtitle, the Building Engineer shall issue a permit. If the submission is part of a set of building plans, no separate permit need be issued, but a note must be added to the building permit application indicating suitability for air pollution control. The Building Engineer may request the assistance of the Health Officer in determining such suitability.

Exceptions to this section are as follows:

(1) Gas-fired equipment when UL listed commercial equipment is used.

(2) Oil-fired equipment burning #1 and #2 fuel oil when UL listed commercial equipment is used.

(3) Solid-fuel fired equipment when UL listed commercial equipment is used and the maximum fuel input will not exceed 350,000 BTU per hour.

(4) Equipment not permanently installed in a stationary building or structure.

(5) Incinerators in one or two family dwellings. This does not waive the requirement to use only approved equipment for these installations.

255E.

a. The occupant shall be responsible for those portions of the premises and for those sources of air pollutants under his control.