

(1) *The award was procured by corruption, fraud or other undue means;*

(2) *There was evident partiality by an arbitrator appointed as a neutral or corruption in any of the arbitrators or misconduct prejudicing the rights of any party;*

(3) *The arbitrators exceeded their powers;*

(4) *The arbitrators refused to postpone the hearing upon sufficient cause being shown therefor or refused to hear evidence material to the controversy or otherwise so conducted the hearing, contrary to the provisions of Section 5, as to prejudice substantially the rights of a party; or*

(5) *There was no arbitration agreement as described in Section 1 and the issue was not adversely determined in proceedings under Section 2 and the party did not participate in the arbitration hearing without raising the objection;*

But the fact that the relief was such that it could not or would not be granted by a court of law or equity is not ground for vacating or refusing to confirm the award.

(b) *An application under this section shall be made within ninety days after delivery of a copy of the award to the applicant, except that, if predicated upon corruption, fraud or other undue means, it shall be made within ninety days after such grounds are known or should have been known.*

(c) *In vacating the award on grounds other than stated in paragraph (5) of subsection (a) the court may order a rehearing before new arbitrators chosen as provided in the agreement, or in the absence thereof, by the court in accordance with Section 3, or, if the award is vacated on grounds set forth in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a) the court may order a rehearing before the arbitrators who made the award or their successors appointed in accordance with Section 3. The time within which the agreement requires the award to be made is applicable to the rehearing and commences from the date of the order or at a time specified by the court.*

(d) *If the application to vacate is denied and no motion to modify or correct the award is pending, the court shall confirm the award.*

13.

(a) *Upon application made within ninety days after delivery of a copy of the award to the applicant, the court shall modify or correct the award where:*

(1) *There was an evident miscalculation of figures or an evident mistake in the description of any person, thing or property referred to in the award;*

(2) *The arbitrators have awarded upon a matter not submitted to them and the award may be corrected without affecting the merits of the decision upon the issues submitted; or*

(3) *The award is imperfect in a matter of form, not affecting the merits of the controversy.*