tance, the allowance provided for in this section shall not be totally defeated, but no compensation shall be due for the additional costs resulting from the unreasonable distance of the new location.

- (e) No person shall be entitled to any allowance for the costs of removal and relocation of personal property unless such personal property has been used by him at its original location and is to be used by him at its new location.
- (f) The amount of the allowance for the costs of removal and relocation shall be as the condemnor or purchaser and the person entitled shall agree, or if they are unable to agree, the amount shall be determined, upon petition of either party filed after such removal and relocation have been effected, by a judge of the court in which the condemnation proceedings were filed, or, if there have been no such proceedings, by a judge of a court of law in a county in which any part of the premises is located. The award of the judge shall not exceed the actual moving costs.
- (g) No petition may be filed hereunder except by the condemnor or purchaser unless the person entitled to such allowance has given written notice to the condemnor or purchaser at least ten days prior to the date of removal, stating the date of intended removal, the identification of the things to be removed, and the place to which they are to be relocated, and has given the condemnor or purchaser, upon request, a reasonable opportunity to inspect any personal property, grave markers, monuments or burial sites that may be involved.
- (h) Every such petition must be filed within one year after the removal of the personal property, dead body, grave marker or monument with respect to which it claims pecuniary allowance.
- (I) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PLACE A LIMIT ON THE AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION THAT A CONDEMNOR MAY ALLOW FOR MOVING COSTS IN CASES WHERE, UNDER APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW OR REGULATIONS, SUCH COMPENSATION MAY BE PAID WHOLLY OR PARTLY OUT OF FEDERAL FUNDS OR WILL BE WHOLLY OR PARTLY REIMBURSED TO THE CONDEMNOR OUT OF FEDERAL FUNDS.

Section 13.

- (a) The exclusive method of abandoning a proceeding for condemnation shall be by the plaintiff's filing in the proceeding a written election to abandon it. A copy of such election shall be served as provided in Maryland Rule 306 upon each defendant who has been personally subjected to the jurisdiction of the court. Every other defendant shall be notified of such election by service of a copy thereof or by such other means as the court may direct.
 - (b) The filing of such election shall have the effect of:
- 1. Reducing the amount of any judgment entered in the proceeding, to the extent of the amount of the compensation (and interest thereon) awarded to the defendant by reason of the taking; and the elerk shall forthwith make such entries on his docket as shall reflect such effect.
- 1. REDUCING ANY MONEY JUDGMENT ENTERED IN THE PROCEEDING TO A JUDGMENT FOR COSTS ONLY; AND THE