a tenant, as against the owner of any other interest in the property sought to be condemned, to remove such improvement or installation, unless the tenant exercises his right to remove the same prior to the date when his answer is due, or elects in his answer to exercise such right.

(d) The damages to be awarded for the taking of a structure held in fee simple, or under a lease renewable forever, by or for the benefit of a religious body and regularly used by such religious body as a church or place of religious worship, shall be the reasonable cost AS OF THE VALUATION DATE, of erecting a new structure of substantially the same size and of comparable character and quality of construction as the acquired structure at some other suitable and comparable location within the State of Maryland to be provided by such religious body. Such damages shall be in addition to the damages to be awarded for the land on which the condemned structure is located.

Section 6.

The fair market value of property in a proceeding for condemnation shall be the price as of the valuation date for the highest and best use of such property which a seller, willing but not obligated to sell, would accept for the property, and which a buyer, willing but not obligated to buy, would pay therefor excluding any increment in value proximately caused by the public project for which the property condemned is needed, plus the amount, if any, by which such price reflects a diminution in value OCCURRING BETWEEN THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SUCH PROPERTY AND THE DATE OF ACTUAL TAKING IF THE TRIER OF FACTS SHALL FIND THAT SUCH DIMINUTION IN VALUE WAS proximately caused by the public project for which the property condemned is needed, or by announcements or acts of the plaintiff or its officials concerning such public project. AND WAS BEYOND THE REASONABLE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OWNER.

IF THE CONDEMNOR IS VESTED WITH A CONTINUING POWER OF CONDEMNATION, THE PHRASE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SUCH PROPERTY, AS USED IN THIS SECTION, SHALL MEAN THE DATE OF SPECIFIC ADMINISTRATIVE DETERMINATION TO ACQUIRE SUCH PROPERTY.

Section 7.

- (a) The plaintiff shall pay all of the costs in the trial court.
- (b) The costs in a condemnation proceeding shall include but not be limited to:
 - 1. The usual per diem to the jurors.
 - 2. The cost of transporting the trier of fact to view the property.
 - 3. The cost of meals for the jury if the court so orders.
- 4. The cost of recording the inquisition among the land records, and of all documentary stamps which may be required in the transfer of the property to the plaintiff.