

Reformation and Punishment”, sub-heading “Department of Correction”, sub-sub-heading “Prisoners”; Sections 22, 24 and 30 of Article 51 of the Code, title “Juries”, sub-title “Qualification and Selection of Jurors”; Sections 46, 47, 51, 52 and 53 of Article 75 of the Code, title “Pleadings, Practice and Process at Law”, sub-title “III. Practice”, sub-heading “Removal of Causes” be and they are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That Section 74 of Article 16 of the Code, title “Chancery”, sub-title “Adoption”, be and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, to read as follows:

74.

Every petition for adoption shall be accompanied by written statements of consent, subscribed and sworn to before a person authorized by law to administer an oath, as specified in this section, except that the court may in its discretion permit any petition to be filed without a necessary consent if such consent is added to the petition before the time set for hearings. However, the court may grant a petition for adoption without any of the consents hereinafter specified, if, after a hearing the court finds that such consent or consents are withheld contrary to the best interests of the child.

Consent to any proposed adoption shall be obtained from:

(a) The person to be adopted, if he is ten years of age or over; and also,

(b) Both the natural parents, if married, if they are alive and have not lost their parental rights through court action or voluntary relinquishment or abandonment; or

(c) One natural parent, if the other is not alive or has lost his parental rights as mentioned in (b) above; or

(d) The mother of a child born out of wedlock, if she is alive and has not lost her parental rights through court action or voluntary relinquishment or abandonment, except that if the child has been legitimated according to the laws of any jurisdiction, the consent of the father shall then also be required, if he is alive and has not subsequently lost his parental rights through court action or voluntary relinquishment or abandonment; or

(e) The mother of a child born in wedlock, if she is alive and has not lost her parental rights through court action or voluntary relinquishment or abandonment, and if the illegitimacy of the child has been established to the satisfaction of the court, and notice, as is provided by [§ 75 of this sub-title] *the Maryland Rules of Procedure*, has been given to the husband of the mother of the child; or

(f) The legal guardian of the person to be adopted, if parental rights with right to consent to adoption as provided in § 72 above, have been transferred by court action to such guardian; or

(g) The executive head of any public or private child care or child placement institution or agency which through court action under § 72 above, or voluntary relinquishment has been given the care, custody and control of the person to be adopted, including the right to consent to such an adoption; or