

return sheet and statement, all of which, after canvass is completed, shall be signed by the judges. If more than one voting machine is used in any precinct, the vote registered on each machine, *except in the case where the machine is so constructed as to furnish a printed or photographic record of the setting of the counters and the numbers registered thereon by voting*, shall be ascertained in like manner, and separately entered in appropriate spaces on the general and triplicate return sheets and statement. The total vote cast for each candidate, and for and against each question, shall then be computed and entered on the general and triplicate return sheets and statement. There shall also be entered on the general return sheet and statement the number of voters who have voted, as shown by the list of voters and the number who have voted on each machine, as shown by the public counters, and also the number registered on the protective counter or device on each machine immediately prior to the opening of the polls and immediately after the closing thereof and sealing of the machine. The number or other designation of each machine used shall also be entered thereon. In case of primary elections, triplicate return sheets shall be prepared for each party. The registering counters of the voting machines shall remain exposed to view until the said returns and all other reports have been fully completed. During such time, any candidate, or duly accredited watchers, who may desire to be present, shall be admitted to the polling place. *In the case of all machines so constructed as to furnish a printed or photographic record of the total vote registered on the various counters it shall not be required that the counter compartment be opened and the counters exposed to view but the printed or photographic records shall be considered as the official return sheets for that machine. In the case of such machines, immediately following the closing of the polls and after the last voter has voted the judges shall immediately lock and seal each machine as hereinabove provided and shall then cause the machine to produce the printed or photographic records thereon and shall thereupon proceed as in the case of ordinary voting machines, except to the extent to which the furnishing of the printed or photographic record makes such steps unnecessary.*

*In the event of a mechanical failure of the printing or photographic mechanism in any machine equipped with such mechanism for recording the setting of the counters and the numbers registered thereon, the procedure to be followed from and after such failure, whenever such failure occurs, shall be the same as in the case of machines not equipped with such mechanism.*

(c) The proclamation of the result of the votes cast shall be announced distinctly and audibly by one of the judges of election, who shall read the name of each candidate, the designation or designating numbers and letters of his counters and the vote registered on each counter, and also the vote cast for and against each question submitted. During such proclamation ample opportunity shall be given to any person lawfully present to compare the results so announced with the counter dials of the machine, *or the printed or photographic record thereof in the case of machines so constructed as to furnish a printed or photographic record of the setting of the counters and the numbers registered thereon by voting which have furnished the same*, and any necessary corrections shall then and there be made by the judges after which the doors or other cover of