VIII. And be it enaced, That any trustee may sue for, in his own name, and C H A P. XCVII. recover, any property or debts affigned to him by any debtor in virtue of this act. May fue, &c.

IX. and be it enafted, That if any creditor, on the application of any such When fraud, debtor to the chancellor, or within two years thereafter, shall allege, in writing, to debtormay be the chancellor, or to the general court of the shore, or the county court of the examined, county, where such debtor shall reside, that such debtor hath directly or indirectly &c. fold, conveyed, leffened, or otherwise disposed of, or purchased in trust for himfelf, or any of his family or relations, or any other person or persons, intrusted or concealed, any part of his property of any kind, or any part of his debts, rights or claims, thereby to deceive or defraud his creditors, or any of them, or to fecure the same, or to receive or expect any profit or advantage thereby, or that he has passed bonds, or other evidences of debts, either without consideration or on improper confideration, or lost more than one hundred pounds current money by gaming at any one time, or hath affigned or conveyed any of his property, with intent to give a preference to any creditor or creditors, or fecurity, within two years before the passage of this act, the said chancellor or court may thereupon, at the election of the creditor making fuch allegation, either examine the faid debtor, and any person or persons to whom he may have made any conveyance or conveyances of his property, or passed bonds or evidences of debts as aforesaid, on interrogatories, on oath or affirmation, touching the subject of the faid allegations, or direct an iffue or iffues, in a fummary way, without the form of the action, to determine the truth of the same; and if, upon the answer of the faid interrogatories, or the trials of the faid iffue or iffues by a jury, such debtor shall be found guilty of any fraud or deceit of his creditors, or loss by gaming as aforesaid, or of having given preference as aforesaid, he shall for ever be precluded from any benefit of this act; and in case such debtor, or other person, shall, at any time thereafter, upon any indictment, be convicted of wilfully, falsely and corruptly, swearing or affirming to any matter or thing to which he shall swear or affirm by virtue of this act, he shall suffer as in the case of wilful and corrupt perjury, and be for ever debarred from any benefit of this act.

X. And be it enacted. That the chancellor may allow any trustee to be ap- Chancellor pointed by virtue of this act fuch commission for his trouble as he shall think may allow a reasonable, not exceeding eight our condition, reasonable, not exceeding eight per cent. and if any complaint shall be made to &c. the chancellor of the conduct of any trustee, by any creditor interested in the distribution of any estate, the chancellor may call such trustee before him, and inquire into the cause of complaint in a summary way, and make such rules and orders as shall be judged necessary for the accomplishment of the object of the trust, and punish the said trustee, as for a contempt, in case of his not obeying the same, and, if he thinks it necessary, he may remove the said trustee, and appoint another person in his place.

XI. And he it enacted, That if any debtor, who shall petition the chancellor And order in virtue of this act, shall be imprisoned at the time of exhibiting such petition, imprisoned debtors to be it shall be lawful for the chancellor to order the sheriff in whose custody he shall brought bebe, to bring him before him, at a certain time by him in the faid order to be ap- fore him, &c. pointed, for the purpose of taking the oath or affirmation herein before mentioned; and the said sheriff shall obey the said order, and shall be entitled to a preference, after the discharge of all liens on the said debtor's estate, to all other creditors, in the payment of his account against the said debtor for legal sees of imprisonment, and his reasonable expences in carrying the said debtor to the chancellor in obedience to his order as aforesaid, any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case such imprisoned debtor shall have any creditors beyond sea, the chancellor may, in his discretion, order the sheriff to bring the said debtor before him at such time as he thinks proper, and on his taking the oath herein before mentioned, may direct that the body of such debtor shall be discharged from imprisonment, and appoint a time when such debtor shall appear before him to answer any interrogatories which his creditors may propose to him, on not less than fix months notice as aforesaid, any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding; provided, that such discharge from imprisonment shall