confined as a result of sentence for a criminal offense, or judgment in a juvenile proceeding or as a defective delinquent, has previously been granted a hearing on a prior application for release from confinement under the same commitment, it shall be discretionary with the judge whether or not to issue the writ. In exercising his discretion the judge may consider whether new grounds of a substantial nature appear to exist for the granting of the writ or whether the grounds for the issuance of any former writ were fully and adequately presented.

## 11.

If the sheriff to whom is delivered any [such] writ of habeas corpus in which the court or judge shall have inserted a clause commanding the person charged with confining or restraining the person by or on whose behalf the application for the writ was made, immediately to be and appear before the court or judge designated in the writ, together with the person so confined or restrained, [as is referred to in Section 10 may be delivered] shall neglect or refuse immediately to execute the same and when executed to make return thereof to the court or judge designated in the said writ [granting the same] and take with him the person charged with the detention (or one of the persons detaining, if there be more than one), together with the person detained, he shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit the sum of five hundred dollars to be paid to the person in whose behalf such writ of habeas corpus shall have issued; and if the said person or some one in his behalf shall not prosecute for the same within six months after such neglect or refusal, then one-half of said forfeiture shall go to the State, and the other half to the person who may prosecute for the same.

## 12.

If any officer or other person to whom a writ of habeas corpus may be directed shall neglect or refuse to make return thereof, or to bring the body of the person detained, according to the command of said writ [, within the time hereinbefore limited,] he shall forfeit to the person detained five hundred dollars.

SEC. 28. And be it further enacted, That Section 145 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Practitioners of Medicine"; sub-section (b) of Section 153 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "State Board of Veterinary Examiners"; sub-section (e) of Section 193 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Adulteration of Food and Drink", sub-heading "Food and Drug Law"; Section 207 of Article 43 of the Code, title, "Health", sub-title "Food Products"; Section 222 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Crab Meat"; sub-section (d) of Section 268 and Section 269 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Commissioners of Pharmacy"; Section 277 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Poison Law"; Section 353 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Funeral Directors and Embalmers"; sub-section (g) of Section 480 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title "Osteopathy"; sub-section (h) of Section 490 of Article 43 of the Code, title "Health", sub-title