apply the same to the use of the several beneficiaries thereof according to their respective claims upon the decedent for support, in compliance with the findings and direction of the Commission.

- 36. (b) The employer shall repair or replace any eyeglasses, artificial limb, eye, tooth or other part that shall be damaged or destroyed as a result of an accident during the course of employment and if the eyeglasses, artificial limb, eye, tooth, or other part is not repaired, or replaced within three days following its damage or destruction, then the employer shall pay the employee such compensation for his lost time, if any, after the three-day waiting period, as the Commission may direct. If an employer fails to provide the same, the injured employee may do so at the expense of the employer. All fees and other charges for such treatment and services shall be subject to regulation by the Commission, and shall be limited to such charges as prevail in the same community for similar treatment of injured persons of a like standard of living, and in case death ensues from the injury within three years, reasonable funeral expenses shall be allowed, not to exceed the sum of Three Hundred Five Hundred Dollars. Any bill for funeral expenses contracted for an amount in excess of Three Hundred Five Hundred Dollars shall be null and void and uncollectible out of the compensation allowed or out of the personal assets of the person or persons to whom such compensation is payable, unless and until said bill is approved by the Commission [.]; [P] provided, however, that if there are no dependents all expenses of last sickness and burial shall be paid by the employer or insurance company, or out of the State Accident Fund, as the case may be. The Commission shall have full power to adopt rules and regulations with respect to furnishing medical, nurse, hospital services and medicine to injured employees entitled thereto and for the payment therefor.
- 37. (a) Notice, in writing or otherwise, of any injury for which compensation is payable under this Article shall be given to the employer within ten days after the accident, except as provided for otherwise in cases of hernia, under Sub-section (5) of Section 35 of this Article, and also in case of the death of the employee resulting from such injury, within thirty days after such death. Such notice, if in writing, shall contain the name and address of the employee, and state in ordinary language the time, place, nature and cause of the injury and be signed by him or by a person on his behalf, or in the case of death, by any one or more of his dependents, or by a person on their behalf. The failure to give such notice, unless excused by the Commission either on the ground that notice for some sufficient reason could not have been given, or on the ground that the State Accident Fund, Insurance Company, or employer, as the case may be, has not been prejudiced thereby, shall be a bar to any claim under this Article, provided, however, that the burden of proving that it or he has been prejudiced by such failure on the part of the employee or by delay in giving such notice shall be upon the State Accident Fund Insurance Company, or employer, as the case may be. Whenever an accidental injury causes death of an injured employee, it shall be the duty of the employer, within ten days after the receipt of notice of such death, oral or written, to report such accident and death to the Commission.