- Magistrate for Juvenile Causes in any The county, shall have jurisdiction in all cases of preliminary hearing of persons charged with offenses under the preceding sections of this sub-title, and concurrent iurisdiction with the courts upon waiver of a jury trial by the accused to hear, try and determine the case. Upon conviction or submission for sentence, the magistrate may pass sentence or make an order or orders to take a bond as provided in the preceding sections. If the magistrate is satisfied, by information and due proof under oath, at any time during the year that the defendant has violated the terms of the order, he may issue his warrant for the apprehension of the defendant and forthwith proceed to sen-In the event of violation of the recognizance, it may be forfeited and transmitted with a memorandum of the forfeiture to the Court of Criminal Jurisdiction to be filed among its records and enforced as recognizances therein taken and forfeited, the court being also empowered to apply the proceeds upon collection as provided in the preceding sections. Upon the imposition of a fine by the magistrate he may also dispose thereof for the benefit of wife or child or children as in the preceding sections provided. After vacation of office by death, removal, expiration of term, or otherwise, of the magistrate who has passed an order upon conviction or submission, if there be a violation thereof, the succeeding Magistrate for Juvenile Causes in any county, may issue process and proceed in all respects in regard to the defendant as the magistrate who heard the case might do.
- SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That Section 460 of Article 27, title "Crimes and Punishments", sub-title "Minors—Convict", of the Annotated Code of the Public General Laws of Maryland (1939 Edition), be and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, to read as follows:
- 460. Minors sixteen years of age and under eighteen years of age in Baltimore City, and minors under the age of eighteen years elsewhere in the State, upon conviction of any offense punishable by imprisonment, may, in the discretion of the court or justice of the peace, instead of imprisonment in the place provided for in the case of offenders generally, be committed to any public or private institution or agency, as now or hereafter provided by law.
- SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That Section 19 of Article 42, title "Habeas Corpus", sub-title "Procedure in Relation to Minors", of the Annotated Code of the Public