11. *Acknowledgment Within the State.* The acknowledgment of any instrument may be made in this State before:

(1)　A Judge of a court of record;

(2)　A Clerk or Deputy Clerk of a court having a seal;

(3)　A Notary Public;

(4)　A Justice of the Peace; or

(5)　A Master in Chancery.

12. *Acknowledgment Within the United States.* The acknowledgment of any instrument may be made without the State but within the United States or a territory or insular possession of the United States or the District of Columbia or the Philippine Islands and within the jurisdiction of the officer, before:

(1)　A Clerk or Deputy Clerk of any Federal court;

(2)　A Clerk or Deputy Clerk of any court of record of any State or other jurisdiction;

(3)　A Notary Public;

(4)　A Commissioner of Deeds.

13. *Acknowledgment Without the United States.* The acknowledgment of any instrument may be made without the United States before:

(1)　An Ambassador, Minister, Charge d'Affaires, Counselor to or Secretary of a Legation, Consul General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Commercial Attache, or Consular Agent of the United States accredited to the country where the acknowledgment is made.

(2)　A Notary Public of the country where the acknowledgment is made.

(3)　A Judge or Clerk of a court of record of the country where the acknowledgment is made.

14. *Requisites of Acknowledgment.* The officer taking the acknowledgment shall know or have satisfactory evidence that the person making the acknowledgment is the person described in and who executed the instrument.

15. *Acknowledgment by a Married Woman.* An acknowledgment of a married woman may be made in the same form as though she were unmarried.

16. *Forms of Certificates.* An officer taking the acknowledgment shall endorse thereon or attach thereto a certificate substantially in one of the following forms:

(a)　*By Individuals:*

State of ....

County of ....

　　On this the .... day of ...., 19........., before me,

...., the undersigned officer, personally