

the provisions of Article 43 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1939 Edition).

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That this Act is hereby declared to be emergency law, and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and being passed upon a ye and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all of the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 15, 1941.

CHAPTER 150.

(House Bill 198)

AN ACT to add one new section to Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1939 Edition), title "Public Education", sub-title "Chapter 17. High Schools", said new section to be known as Section 191A, to follow immediately after Section 191 of said Article, relating to the issuance of certificates equivalent to high school certificates under certain conditions.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That one new section be, and it is hereby added to Article 77 of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1939 Edition), title "Public Education", sub-title "Chapter 17. High Schools", said new section to be known as Section 191A, to follow immediately after Section 191 of said Article, and to read as follows:

191A. (a) Any person who has resided in Maryland for at least one year, who is 19 years of age or older and who has not obtained a high school certificate or diploma, may obtain an equivalent certificate in accordance with this Section.

(b) The State Board of Education shall provide for examinations for such persons on at least two occasions in each year at places throughout the State reasonably convenient for the applicants. On each occasion, examinations shall be offered in the usual high school subjects. The State Board of Education may, in its discretion, charge an examination fee not to exceed Two Dollars for each subject taken by any applicant, and said fees shall be used by the State Department of Education for expenses incurred in administering this Act. Failure of any examination in any subject shall not prevent the taking of subsequent examinations in the same subject.