

necessary public purpose. Provided, however, that the County Commissioners shall publish in some newspaper of general circulation in Montgomery County the contract price paid or agreed to be paid for any land purchased under the provisions of this Act, which publication shall state the name of the vendor, a brief description of the property, the total amount of the purchase price and the object or objects for which the land is acquired. If said County Commissioners shall be unable for any reason to agree with the owner or owners of any such land, the buildings or improvements thereon, or any interest therein, the use of which is required for any necessary public purpose or for the opening of any new road, street, alley or sidewalk, for the construction or repair of any bridge, for the relocating, straightening or widening of any road, street, alley or sidewalk, the proper drainage thereof, for the building of any public building or structure, or for any other necessary public purpose, then the said County Commissioners are authorized, empowered and directed to proceed to condemn the same for the use of the county under the provisions of the law relative to condemnation by corporations, municipal or otherwise, as fully as though said County Commissioners were a corporation named in the several sections of said law, the said law being Article 33A of the Annotated Code of Maryland (Bagby's Edition of 1924). But the said County Commissioners shall not be required to accept the award or judgment rendered in any proceeding under said statute, but may abandon the said project upon payment of the costs thereof. The powers and authority hereby vested in said County Commissioners shall apply to any land situate in any municipality or taxing area in Montgomery County, which shall be deemed necessary by said County Commissioners for public use.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That this Act is hereby declared to be an emergency measure and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and being passed by a yea and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 17, 1931.