requirements of further Acts of the Congress of the United States of America with respect to the construction of public works.

Whereas, under the provisions of Chapter 30 of the Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly of 1933, every municipality defined therein is authorized to contract debts, or to borrow money and to issue and sell its negotiable bonds therefor in order to provide funds for any public works project only in case such municipality shall have first entered into a contract for the grant of money from some federal agency, authorized for the purpose of providing money in connection with the construction of such public works.

AND WHEREAS, future Acts of the Congress of the United States of America may provide other means of assisting in the construction of public works than the direct grant of money to the municipalities of the State, and it may be desirable that the municipalities shall cooperate with various federal agencies in the construction of public works in the State without the receipt of any grant.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That any municipality as defined by Chapter 30 of the Acts of the Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly of 1933 shall have the power and is hereby authorized to contract debts or to borrow money and to issue and sell its negotiable bonds therefor in order to provide funds for any public works project, as defined in paragraph (e) of Section 1 of Chapter 30 of the Acts of the Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly of 1933 in connection with any Act of the Congress of the United States of America, which provides assistance in the construction of such public works whether such assistance consists of making a grant of money to said municipality, a loan thereto, or some other method of financing the construction of the public works contemplated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act is hereby declared to be an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and having been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three-fifths of the members elected to each House in the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.